## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-QSB

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934. X For the quarterly period ended February 28, 2003

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

**Commission File Number 0-23386** 

# **CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.** (Exact name of Small Business Issuer as Specified in its Charter)

DELAWARE

(State or other Jurisdiction of Incorporation or Organization)

3165 McMullen Booth Road, Building B, Clearwater, Florida (Address of Principal Executive Offices)

22-3023093 (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

> 33761 (Zip Code)

Issuer's phone number, including area code: (727) 450-8000

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report).

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the Registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date. As of July 15, 2003, 11,997,540 shares of \$0.01 par value common stock were outstanding (including 645,161 shares held by the Company's majority-owned subsidiary, Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc.)

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one). Yes 🗆 No 🖾

#### **CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.**

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

#### PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Item 1.	Financial Statements	
	Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	3
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss	4
	Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	5
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	6
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations	11
Item 3.	Controls and Procedures	14
PART II—OT	HER INFORMATION	
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	18
Item 2.	Changes in Securities	18
Item 3.	Defaults Upon Senior Securities	18
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders	18
Item 5.	Other Information	18
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports On Form 8-K	19
<b>SIGNATURES</b>		20

#### 2

PAGE

#### CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

ASSETS

	February 28, 2003	November 30, 2002
	(Unaudited)	(As Restated)
Current Assets	<b>• 1125</b> 0.00	¢ 1.025.520
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,135,966	\$ 1,935,532
Marketable securities	3,141,339	3,127,843
Accounts receivable and advances (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$130,010 and \$89,010)	331,652	281,911
Receivable — Affiliates (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$128,540)	344,877	412,071
Notes receivable (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$66,000 and \$41,000)	185,750	210,750
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	224,380	112,115
Total current assets	5,363,964	6,080,222
Property and Equipment-net	2,625,444	2,632,831
Other Assets		
Intangible assets (net of amortization of \$79,480 and \$77,127, respectively)	99,992	102,345
Receivable-Revenue sharing agreements	292,839	332,895
Investment in Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc.	1,816,010	1,914,826
Investment in European Affiliates	739,667	739,667
Deferred consulting fees	1,403,751	1,438,412
Deposits	175,411	175,161
Total other assets	4,527,670	4,703,306
	\$ 12,517,078	\$ 13,416,359
	\$ 12,517,070	\$ 15,110,555
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
	February 28,	November 30,
	2003	2002
	(Unaudited)	(As Restated)
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 423,493	\$ 391,269
Accrued expenses and withholdings	905,531	1,217,407
Total current liabilities	1,329,024	1,608,676
Other Liabilities		
Deferred revenue	2,704,921	2,228,164
Long-Term Liability-Revenue sharing agreements	4,416,666	4,416,666
Deferred consulting obligation	1,429,538	1,455,688
Total other liabilities	8,551,125	8,100,518
	-77	
Minority Interest	—	—
Stockholders' Equity		
Preferred stock (\$.01 par value, 500,000 authorized and none issued)		
Common stock (\$.01 par value, 20,000,000 authorized; 11,352,379 at February 28, 2003, and 11,352,379 at November 30, 2002		
issued and outstanding)	113,524	113,524
Additional paid-in capital	23,018,962	23,012,760
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(505,783)	(387,997)
Accumulated deficit	(19,989,774)	(19,031,122)
Total stockholders' equity	2,636,929	3,707,165
- Sen Solahoudo quity	2,050,727	5,707,105
	\$ 12,517,078	\$ 13,416,359

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

<u>CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS (Unaudited)

	Three Mor	Three Months Ended	
	February 28, 2003	February 28, 2002	
Revenue	\$ 1,430,734	(As Restated) \$ 1,408,341	
Costs and Expenses:			
Cost of sales	627,736	517,843	
Marketing, general & administrative expenses	1,608,363	879,127	
Research, development and related engineering	31,718	25,088	
Depreciation and amortization	82,507	119,119	
Total cost and expenses	2,350,324	1,541,177	
Operating Loss	(919,590)	(132,836)	
Other (Expense) and Income:			
Interest Income	30,479	22,358	
Interest Expense	(126,104)	(57,647)	
Other Income	32,806	400,000	
Total other (expense) income	(62,819)	364,711	
(Loss) income before minority interest and equity in earnings of affiliates	(982,409)	231,875	
Income Taxes			
Equity in earnings of affiliates	23,756	(224,819)	
Minority Interest		(12,992)	
	23,756	(237,811)	
Net Loss	\$ (958,653)	\$ (5,936)	
Net (loss) income per common share — basic and diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$ —	
Number of Common Shares Used In Computation			
Basic and diluted	11,352,379	11,330,857	
Comprehensive loss:			
Net loss:	\$ (958,653)	\$ (5,936)	
Other comprehensive loss: Net change in unrealized loss	(117,786)	(44,004)	
Comprehensive loss	\$ (1,076,439)	\$ (49,940)	

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

### CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

	Three Mon	ths Ended
	February 28, 2003	February 28, 2002 (As Restated)
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	¢ (059 (53)	¢ (5.02()
Net Loss	\$ (958,653)	\$ (5,936)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash used for operating activities:	07.757	107.945
Depreciation and amortization Compensatory element of stock options	97,757 6,204	127,845
Provision for doubtful accounts		26,208
Dividend income reinvested in marketable securities	66,000 (8,710)	
Equity (income) loss in earnings of affiliates	(8,710) (23,756)	224,819
Minority interest	(23,750)	12,992
Changes in assets and liabilities:		12,992
Accounts receivable and advances	(90,741)	33,968
Receivable — Affiliates	67,194	55,700
Notes receivable		(100,000)
Receivable-Revenue sharing agreements	40,056	20,930
Deferred consulting fees	34,661	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(112,265)	(41,518)
Deposits	(112,203)	(41,518)
Accounts payable	32,223	64,152
Deferred revenue	476,757	(253,230)
Accrued expenses and withholdings	(311,043)	191,925
Accided expenses and withinordings	(511,045)	191,923
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(684,566)	302,155
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of property and equipment	(88,017)	(208,626)
r drenases of property and equipment	(88,017)	(208,020)
Vet cash used in investing activities	(88,017)	(208,626)
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Net proceeds from the sale of subsidiary's securities		518,000
Private placement fees		(100,340)
Stock subscription receivable	_	(243,600)
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options and sale of warrants		43,000
Proceeds from notes payable	—	33,000
Payments of deferred consulting obligation	(26,150)	_
Payments of capital leases	(833)	(2,306)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(26,983)	247,754
Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(799,566)	341,283
Beginning of period	1,935,532	5,540,751
End of period	\$ 1,135,966	\$ 5,882,034
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Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	¢ 126 104	¢ 57.105
Interest	\$ 126,104	\$ 57,125
Income taxes	\$ —	\$ —
Supplemental schedules of non-cash investing and financing activities:		
Change in unrealized loss as a component of investments	\$ 122,572	\$ —
Change in unrealized loss as a component of marketable securities	\$ (4,786)	\$ (44,004)

The accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

#### CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC. NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS February 28, 2003 (Unaudited)

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements including the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets as of February 28, 2003 and November 30, 2002, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Loss, and Cash Flows for the three months ended February 28, 2003 and February 28, 2002 have been prepared by CRYO-CELL International, Inc. ('the Company'). In the opinion of Management, all adjustments (which include only normal recurring adjustments) necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and changes in cash flows as of the dates and for all periods presented have been made.

The unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements herein have been prepared pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim financial reporting. Certain financial information and note disclosures which are normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to those rules and regulations. It is suggested that these condensed consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's November 30, 2002 Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, as amended.

In April 2003, upon the advice of its then auditors, management reviewed its policy of recognition of revenue from the sale of revenue sharing agreements and annual storage fees. Management along with its prior auditors, who had previously opined upon the Company's financial statements for the years ended November 30, 2002 and 2001, sought the guidance of the staff of the Office of the Chief Accountant of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Based on discussions among the parties, management determined that the accounting treatment of the revenue sharing agreements and the storage revenue policies should be changed and the Company's previously issued financial statements restated (refer to Note 7).

#### **Revenue Recognition for Enrollment Fees**

During the first quarter of 2003, the Company changed its method of recognizing enrollment fee revenue. Through November 30, 2002, the Company recognized enrollment fees upon completion of the enrollment into the U-Cord storage program. Beginning December 1, 2002, enrollment fees and the related direct and incremental costs associated with these fees are being deferred and recognized once the processing of the specimens is completed. Had the accounting treatment been in effect, the accumulated deficit would have been \$102,000 greater than previously reported as of November 30, 2002. The cumulative impact of the change, including the impact of approximately \$20,000 in the current period, has been recorded in the quarter ended February 28, 2003. Management does not believe that the impact of this adjustment is material to the November 30, 2002 financial statements (as restated), or to the projected operating results and earnings trend for the year ending November 30, 2003.

#### Reclassification

Certain reclassifications have been made to the November 30, 2002 financial statements to conform to the 2003 quarterly presentation, including the reclassification of the minority interest liability into additional paid-in capital.

#### Note 2 - Earnings per Common Share

Earnings (Loss) per share data is based on net income (loss) and not comprehensive income (loss). Basic earnings (loss) per share for the quarter ended February 28, 2003 and February 28, 2002 were computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The Company did not present diluted earnings per share, as the effect of potentially dilutive shares from outstanding stock options would be antidilutive.

#### Note 3 – Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in the following legal proceedings:

On February 22, 2002 the Company received a complaint filed by Pharmastem Therapeutics, Inc. in the United States District Court of Delaware (Wilmington), Case No. 02-CV-198, alleging patent infringement. Pharmastem, a Delaware corporation, has named eight companies (two of which are now out of business) involved in cord blood banking. The suit seeks an injunction against the companies, an unspecified amount of damages or royalties, treble damages and attorney's fees. The Company has consulted with their patent attorney who believes that the asserted patents are not valid and even if valid, believes that CRYO-CELL's business of collecting, processing and cryo-preserving cord blood cells does not infringe either of the asserted patents. The Company also notes that corresponding patents in other jurisdictions outside the United States have been invalidated or abandoned. The litigation is still in the discovery stage, with trial scheduled for October 2003.

In March 2003, CRYO-CELL Europe, N.V. ("CCEU") was served with a letter terminating the Company's license agreement with a CCEU affiliate. On April 15, 2003, the Company commenced legal proceedings against CCEU and an affiliated corporation in the Hague, Netherlands, for a preliminary injunction restraining CCEU from using the "CRYO-CELL" name. On or about May 30, 2003, the Company voluntarily withdrew its preliminary injunction application, and it plans to file a new preliminary injunction proceeding seeking the same relief shortly.

On April 17, 2003, the Company filed a lawsuit against CCEU in the Circuit Court of the Sixth Judicial District in the State of Florida, seeking to recover money damages for unpaid royalty payments due under the license agreement with the Company. The Company had previously advised CCEU that, by the Company's calculation, CCEU owed the Company \$323,562 in unpaid royalties. The license agreement granted COLTEC, Ltd. and its affiliates an exclusive license to market the Company's U-Cord program in Europe, and allowed them to directly market the U-Cord program, sell revenue sharing agreements or further sub-license the marketing rights throughout Europe. COLTEC, Ltd. subsequently assigned the license agreement to an affiliated company.

Between May and July 2003, six putative class action complaints were filed against the Company, certain current and former officers and directors of the Company and two accounting firms who previously audited the Company's financial statements. All six complaints allege violations of federal securities laws, including improper recognition of revenue in the financial statements presented in certain public reports of the Company. The complaints generally seek among other things, certification of a class of persons who purchased the Company's common stock between March 16, 1999 and May 20, 2003 and unspecified damages. The Company has not yet responded to any of the complaints. The Company believes the complaints are without merit and intends to defend the litigation vigorously.

#### Note 4 - Investments in Subsidiaries and Affiliates

#### Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc.

On October 10, 2001, the Company's subsidiary, CCEL Bio-Therapies, Inc. (CCBT), effected the July 10, 2001 merger agreement with Saneron Therapeutics, Inc. (STI) with CCBT remaining as survivor. As a result of the merger CCBT's name was changed to Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc. (SCTI). The STI stockholders received 56.58% of the merged entity and the Company retained a 43.42% interest in the merged entity. The Company's ownership interest of approximately 43% of SCTI is accounted for under the equity method of accounting along with approximately \$1,300,000 that represents goodwill and is reflected in the investment balance. For the three months ended February 28, 2003, the Company recorded equity in income of SCTI operations of approximately \$23,800 and recorded a charge to other comprehensive loss of approximately \$122,600 related to the temporary decline in the price of the Company's common stock currently held as an investment by SCTI as a result of the merger. For the three months ended February 28, 2002, the Company recorded equity in losses of SCTI in operations of approximately \$225,000. In February 2003, an independent valuation appraised the Company's approximate 43% minority stake in SCTI at \$3 million. The SCTI investment, including the portion that represents goodwill, is reflected on the balance sheet as of February 28, 2003 at approximately \$1,816,000.

#### Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc.

The Board of Directors of the Company declared a dividend payable in shares of common stock of the Company's subsidiary, Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. (SCPT) on July 25, 2001. The Company's stockholders of record on August 31, 2001 are to receive three (3) shares of SCPT common stock for every four (4) shares of the Company's common stock the Company's stockholders own as of the record date of August 31, 2001. An independent appraisal valued SCPT as of August 31, 2001 at \$62,500, or less than \$0.01 per share, as adjusted for a forward split of 1,350 to 1 in September 2001.

The Board of Directors of the Company on August 21, 2001 set aside 1,000,000 shares of the

common shares of SCPT (as adjusted for the September 2001 forward split) owned by CRYO-CELL International, Inc. for the purpose of incentives for the recruiting of and rewarding of key SCPT executives. SCPT cancelled these shares and retired these shares. During fiscal 2001, three officers of SCPT had received stock grants of 25,000 common shares each under this plan for services rendered and 925,000 common shares are available for future issuance. The fair value of the shares granted was \$1,500, which was charged to operations.

The Company's Board of Directors on August 29, 2001 granted options to purchase an aggregate of 850,000 common shares of SCPT at \$0.02 per share to four officers of the Company. The grant price was in excess of the fair value of the shares at the date of grant. Three of the officers exercised their options for 805,000 common shares and at February 28, 2003 an option for 45,000 of these shares to the Company's former President was not exercised. The Board of Directors of the Company also authorized the issuance of 195,000 common shares of SCPT to Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc.

In July 2001, SCPT entered into a financing agreement with Financial Holdings and Investments Corp. ("FHIC") whereby SCPT borrowed \$500,000 as evidenced by an 8% interest bearing note payable no later than thirteen months from the date of the note provided SCPT shall repay \$300,000 of the principal if and when SCPT realizes \$1,500,000 from the sale of its securities. SCPT agreed to issue FHIC 250,000 shares (as per May 22, 2002 amendment below, shares reduced to 150,000) of its common shares, as adjusted for the September 2001 forward split, as additional compensation. SCPT's counsel also received 45,000 common shares for its legal services. Both issuances of shares were valued at their fair value of \$3,400 and reflected in the accompanying financial statements as deferred financing costs. SCPT used \$300,000 of the proceeds received as payment for its investment in CRYO-CELL Europe NV and CRYO-CELL Italia, S.r.l.

On November 1, 2001, SCPT offered for sale 1,250,000 shares of its common stock at \$2.00 per share in a private placement offering through a private placement agent, Newbridge Securities Corporation, a subsidiary of FHIC. The placement agent was to receive a commission of 10% of the gross proceeds from the offering and a nonaccountable expense reimbursement of 3% of the gross sale proceeds. The placement agent originally was to receive warrants to acquire 25,900 common shares exercisable at \$2.20 per share. As per the May 22, 2002 debt conversion agreement (see below), the warrant issuance was cancelled in exchange for the issuance of 22,500 common shares. The number of shares purchasable under these warrants is equal to 10% of the shares sold under the private offering. The offering period originally terminated on December 31, 2001 but was extended until February 28, 2002. By the closing of the offering on February 28, 2002, accredited investors subscribed for 259,000 common shares at \$2.00 per share for a total of \$518,000. Offering costs amounted to \$126,170. Of the 13,279,000 issued and outstanding common shares of SCPT at November 30, 2002, the Company owned 11,500,000 (86.6%) shares. Upon payment of the dividend the Company will own approximately 3,200,000 (24.9%) shares of SCPT.

On May 22, 2002, FHIC agreed to convert the \$500,000 note and accrued interest thereon into 250,000 shares of SCPT's common stock and was paid an incentive fee of \$20,000 to convert the note into the common shares. The conversion agreement also required FHIC to reduce the 250,000 shares of SCPT's common stock received as additional compensation under the original terms of the July 2001 financing agreement to 150,000 shares in full satisfaction.

In August 2002, the Company contributed \$600,000 cash and 645,161 shares of its common stock (valued at \$2,400,000 on the date of contribution) to SCPT to acquire a revenue sharing agreement for the States of Illinois and New York from SCPT. The transaction was accounted for on each entity's books at historical cost, with no cost basis for the stock. The additional contribution and the related revenue sharing agreement were eliminated in consolidation.

Through November 30, 2002, aggregate losses attributable to the minority interest exceeded the

minority's interest in the equity capital of SCPT. As a result, minority interest on the balance sheet as of February 28, 2003 is reflected at \$0 and the Company has recognized 100% of the losses of SCPT in its statement of operations (approximately \$30,000).

The Company anticipates the spin-off of SCPT as a separate public company to occur as soon as possible. In connection with the spin-off, all shareholders of record of the Company on August 31, 2001 are expected to receive three shares of SCPT for every four shares of CRYO-CELL stock that they owned. The payment date of the shares to be distributed will follow the effective date of a registration statement covering the stock dividend. SCPT continues its efforts to complete the registration process and be declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). It is SCPT's intent to re-file the pre-effective amendment for SCPT as soon as practicable.

#### Note 5 - Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. Revenue Sharing Agreement

In May 2003, the Company's majority owned subsidiary SCPT entered into a Revenue Sharing Agreement (RSA) with an independent limited liability company ('LLC'). SCPT is to receive \$2,000,000 payable in varying installments through March 2007 with interest at 4%. As of July 2003, \$250,000 has been received under the terms of this agreement. The LLC is entitled to receive for an indefinite period, a fee for each adult stem cell specimen stored by SCPT for persons located in the State of California up to 75,000 specimens. The fee is \$17.50 per specimen per year.

#### Note 6 - Stock Options

The Company accounts for stock options under Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 ("APB No. 25"), under which no compensation expense has been recognized. In October 1995, the FASB issued SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, which is effective for years beginning after December 15, 1995. SFAS No. 123 established financial accounting and reporting standards for stock-based employee compensation plans. The statement defines a fair value based method of accounting for an employee stock option or similar equity instrument and encourages all entities to adopt that method of accounting for all of their stock compensation plans. However, it also allows an entity to continue to measure compensation costs for those plans using the intrinsic value based method of accounting prescribed by APB No. 25, but requires pro forma disclosure of net income and earnings per share for the effects on compensation expense had the accounting guidance for SFAS No. 123 been adopted.

On December 31, 2002, the FASB issued SFAS No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation-Transition and Disclosure*. SFAS No. 148 amends SFAS No. 123 to provide alternative methods of transition to SFAS No. 123's fair value method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. SFAS No. 148 also amends the disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 123 to require disclosure effects of an entity's accounting policy with respect to stock-based employee compensation on reported earnings in interim financial statements. The disclosure provisions of SFAS No. 148 are applicable to all companies with stock-based employee compensation. SFAS No. 148 is effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002 and for interim periods beginning after December 15, 2002. The Company does not plan to transition to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and has adopted the disclosure requirements of SFAS 148 as of December 1, 2002.

Had SFAS No. 123 been implemented, the Corporation's net loss and loss per share would have increased to the amounts indicated below for the quarters ended February 28, 2003 and 2002:

		For the quarters ended		
	Febr	uary 28, 2003	Feb	ruary 28, 2002
Net Loss, as reported	\$	(958,653)	\$	(5,936)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards		(173,195)		(127, 569)
Pro forma net loss	\$	(1,131,848)	\$	(133,505)
Loss per share:				
Basic and diluted-as reported	\$	(.08)	\$	(.00)
Basic and diluted-pro forma	\$	(.10)	\$	(.01)

#### Note 7 - Restatement

For the quarter ended February 28, 2002, the restatement as described in Note 1 relating to the revenue sharing agreements did not have a material impact on the Company's results of operating and financial condition. A summary of the significant effects of the restatement of the annual storage fees for the quarter ended February 28, 2002 are as follows:

		Three Months Ended February 28, 2002	
	(As Restated)	(As Previously R	(keported)
Revenue	\$ 1,408,341	\$ 1,4	484,786
Net (loss) income	\$ (5,936)	\$	46,642
Income (loss) per share	\$ —	\$	—
Shares used in computation	11,330,857	11,3	330,857

#### <u>Note 8 – Nasdaq</u>

On June 24, 2003, the Company announced that its common stock will continue to be listed on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market as a result of an exception granted by the Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Panel relating to the requirement that the Company file its periodic reports on a timely basis. The Company had failed to meet this requirement as of April 14, 2003; however, the Company was granted a temporary exception from this standard subject to the Company meeting certain conditions for accomplishing the filing of its periodic reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company file an amended Form 10-KSB on June 27, 2003, as required under the terms of the Nasdaq exception. On or before July 15, 2003; the Company must also file its Form 10-QSB for the three months ended May 31, 2003, evidencing compliance with all requirements for continued listing on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. Further, on or before October 15, 2003, the Company must file the Form 10-QSB for the quarter ending August 31, 2003, evidencing compliance with all requirements for continued listing on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. Concurrently with the filing of this report, the Company is deemed to have met the terms of the exception, it shall continue to be listed on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. Concurrently with the filing of this report, the Company is filing its Form 10-QSB for the second quarter of fiscal 2003 on a timely basis. However, the Company's reported stockholders' equity as of May 31, 2003 is \$1,449,747, which is lower than the \$2,500,000 minimum stockholders' equity requirement for inclusion on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. This shortfall results from the restatement of the Company's financial statements reflected in the amended Form 10-KSB and from continued losses through May 31, 2003. The Company has requested that the Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Panel grant an extension for compliance with the minimum stockholders' equity requirement, based on the Company's confidence that it can return to compliance with this requirement. H

#### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. The SEC has defined a company's critical accounting policies as the ones that are most important to the portrayal of the company's financial condition and results of operations, and which require the company to make its most difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. The Company believes that its estimates and assumptions are reasonable under the circumstances; however, actual results may vary from these estimates and assumptions. We have identified the following critical accounting policies that affect the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements.

#### Investments

The Company has made several significant investments in entities that operate in related businesses. The Company has made these investments in order to expand into international markets and be involved in the area of stem cell research. The Company accounts for these investments under either the cost or equity method, as applicable and periodically, and at least annually, reviews its investments for possible impairment and, if necessary, adjusts the carrying value of such investments.

#### **Revenue Sharing Agreements**

The Company has entered into Revenue Sharing Agreements ("RSA") with various parties whereby these parties contracted with the Company for a percentage of future storage revenues the Company generates from clients in specific geographical areas. The parties typically pay the Company a non-refundable up-front fee for the rights to these future payments. The Company had recognized these non-refundable fees as revenue. The Company, after discussions with its prior auditors and the staff of the Office of the Chief Accountant at the SEC, presently records this up-front fee as a long-term liability. These agreements can take considerable time to negotiate and finalize. Given the criteria under which these RSAs are established, cash receipts from these contracts can fluctuate from period to period. The Company periodically, and at least annually, reviews its RSA receivables for collectibility. All payments made to the other parties to the RSAs are recognized as interest expense. At such time as the total payments can be determined, the Company will commence amortizing these liabilities under the effective interest method.

#### License and Royalty Agreements

The Company enters into licensing agreements with certain investors in various international markets in an attempt to capitalize on the Company's technology. The investors typically pay a licensing fee for the exclusive rights to use the Company's marketing programs, technology and know-how in a selected area. The investor may be given a right to sell sub-license agreements as well. In addition to the license fee, the Company earns royalties on subsequent processing and storage revenues by the investor in the selected area and a fee on any sub-license agreements that are sold by the investor where applicable. As part of the accounting for license and royalty revenue, the Company uses estimates and judgments in determining the timing and amount of revenue to recognize. The Company periodically, and at least annually, reviews license and royalty receivables for collectibility and, if necessary, will record an expense for an allowance for an uncollectible account.

#### **Marketable Securities**

The Company has certain investments in mutual funds, which are categorized as marketable securities. The Company believes these are conservative investments with a low risk for any loss of principal. The Company regularly assesses its marketable security investments for impairment and adjusts its investment strategy as it deems appropriate.

#### Litigation

The Company is periodically involved in litigation and regulatory proceedings incidental to the conduct of our business and expect that we will be involved in such litigation and regulatory proceedings from time to time. The Company regularly reviews any such litigation and regulatory proceedings for possible adverse outcomes, and provides estimates for the possible liability to the Company from such adverse outcomes, as it considers appropriate.

#### **Results of Operations**

*Revenues.* Revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2003 were 1,430,734 as compared to 1,408,341 for the same period in 2002, representing a 2% increase. This increase in revenues reflects the growth in the processing and storage revenue associated with the Company's U-Cord<sup>TM</sup> stem cell program. Due to the increasing client base, net recurring annual storage revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2003 were 336,361 as compared to 143,828 for the same period in 2002, representing an increase of 133%.

During the first quarter of 2003, the Company changed its method of recognizing enrollment fee revenue. Through November 30, 2002, the Company recognized enrollment fees upon completion of the enrollment into the U-Cord storage program. Beginning December 1, 2002, enrollment fees and the related direct and incremental costs associated with these fees are being deferred and recognized once the processing of the specimens is completed. Had the accounting treatment been in effect the accumulated deficit would have been \$102,000 greater than previously reported as of November 30, 2002. The cumulative impact of the change, including the impact of approximately \$20,000 in the current period, is reflected in the three months ended February 28, 2003. Management does not believe that the impact of this adjustment is material to the November 30, 2002 financial statements (as restated), or to the projected operating results and earnings trend for the year ending November 30, 2003.

*Cost of Sales.* Cost of sales for the three months ended February 28, 2003 were \$627,736 as compared to \$517,843 for the same period in 2002 representing a 21% increase. Cost of sales were 44% of revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2003 compared with 37% for the three months ended February 28, 2002. The increase in cost of sales is attributable to new enhancements to the existing production and quality control procedures including increased supplies and accreditation costs related to the processing of cord blood specimens at the Company's laboratory in Clearwater, Florida.

*Marketing, General and Administrative Expenses.* Marketing, general and administrative expenses during the three months ended February 28, 2003 were \$1,608,363 as compared to \$879,127 in 2002 representing a 83% increase. Marketing, general and administrative expenses were 112% of revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2003 compared to 62% for the three months ended February 28, 2002. The increase is primarily the result of an increase in legal fees of \$266,000 and increased expenses of SCPT of approximately \$186,000. These items accounted for approximately \$452,000, or 62%, of the increase. The increase in legal fees is attributable to several reasons, principally several legal actions including litigation and compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. The Company cannot provide assurance that legal fees will be reduced in the foreseeable future. SCPT marketing, general and administrative expenses during the three months ended February 28, 2002. The expenses incurred are primarily related to salaries and professional fees associated with the continuing development of the company, pending the anticipated spin-off of SCPT as a separate publicly held company.

**Research, Development and Related Engineering Expenses.** Research, development and related engineering expenses for the three months ended February 28, 2003 were \$31,718 as compared to \$25,088 for three months ended February 28, 2002. As a percentage of processing and storage revenues, research, development and related engineering expenses were 2.0% and 1.8% for the three months ended February 28, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

Interest Expense. Interest expense for the three months ended February 28, 2003 were \$126,104 as compared to \$57,647 for the same period in 2002. Interest expense is mainly comprised of payments



made to the other parties to the Company's revenue sharing agreements (RSAs) based on the Company's storage revenues. The other parties have contracted with the Company for a percentage of future storage revenues the Company generates from clients in specific geographic areas.

*Other Income.* Other income is comprised of revenue recognized on the sale of license agreements, royalty income earned on the subsequent processing and storage of specimens in geographical areas where the Company has license agreements, and from the sale of sub-license agreements by licensees. Other income for the three months ended February 28, 2003 and 2002 was \$32,806 and \$400,000, respectively. The amount recognized for the three months ended February 28, 2002 represents income from the sale of license agreements as of the end of fiscal 2002. The amount recognized for the three months ended February 28, 2003 represents royalty and sub-license income earned. The remaining income to be recognized on current license agreements will be the royalty and sub-license income earned.

*Equity in Earnings of Affiliates.* Equity in earnings of affiliates was \$24,000 in the three months ended February 28, 2003, compared to a loss of \$225,000 in the 2002 period. These amounts relate to the earnings and loss of Saneron CCEL Therapeutics, Inc. in which the Company holds an approximate 43% interest. After the distribution of the shares of SCPT, the Company will continue to hold more than 20% of the outstanding common stock of SCPT. Under the equity method of accounting, if appropriate, a portion of the anticipated operating losses of SCPT will be reflected on the Company's statements of operations as equity in earnings of affiliates.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

At February 28, 2003, the Company had cash and cash equivalents of \$1,135,966 as compared to \$1,935,532 at November 30, 2002, a decrease of \$800,000. This compares with a \$341,000 increase in cash and cash equivalents in the three months ended February 28, 2002. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents during the three months ended February 28, 2003 was primarily attributable to the increased marketing, general and administrative expenses that were incurred during the quarter.

At February 28, 2003, the Company had approximately \$3,000,000 in marketable securities. The Company accounts for marketable securities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities." All of the Company's marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale as of February 28, 2003 and are stated at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses recorded as a component of stockholders' equity.

Through February 28, 2003, the Company's sources of cash have been from sales of its U-Cord<sup>M</sup> program to customers, the sales of revenue sharing agreements and the sale of license agreements. The Company does not have a line of credit or other type of financing agreement.

The Company anticipates that its cash on-hand, cash equivalents, marketable securities and cash flows from operations will be sufficient to fund its operations for the foreseeable future. Cash flows from operations will depend primarily upon increasing revenues from sales of its umbilical cord blood cellular storage services and controlling expenses.

Since inception SCPT's costs and expenses have been funded by capital contributions, advances for the purchase of revenue sharing agreements sold by SCPT, the sale of a promissory note for \$500,000, which was converted into SCPT's capital stock, and the sale of common stock. To date, cash has been expended primarily for development stage expenses. The Company anticipates the spin-off of SCPT as a separate public Company to occur as soon as possible. In connection with the spin-off, all shareholders of record of the Company on August 31, 2001 are expected to receive three shares of SCPT for every four shares of CRYO-CELL stock that they owned. The payment date of the shares to be distributed will follow the effective date of SCPT's registration statement covering the shares to be distributed. SCPT continues its efforts to complete the registration process and be declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). It is SCPT's intent to re-file the pre-effective amendment for SCPT as soon as SCPT's financials are updated following CRYO-CELL's filing of the first and second quarters of 2003.

#### Item 3. Controls and Procedures

Based on their most recent review, which was completed within 90 days of the filing of this report, the Company's principal executive officer and principal financial officer have concluded that the Company's disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure and are effective to ensure that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. There were no significant changes in the Company's internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect those controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation.

#### **Forward Looking Statements**

This Form 10-QSB, press releases and certain information provided periodically in writing or orally by the Company's officers or its agents may contain statements which constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The terms "CRYO-CELL International, Inc.," "CRYO-CELL" "Company," "we," "our" and "us" refer to CRYO-CELL International, Inc. The words "expect," "believe," "goal," "plan," "intend," "estimate" and similar expressions and variations thereof, if used, are intended to specifically identify forward-looking statements. Those statements appear in a number of places in this Form 10-QSB and in other places, particularly, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations," and include statements regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of the Company, its directors or its officers with respect to, among other things:

- (i) our legal proceedings;
- (ii) our anticipated future cash flows;
- (iii) our liquidity and capital resources;
- (iv) our licensing and revenue sharing arrangements and future operating plans;
- (v) our future performance and operating results;
- (vi) our international affiliations, investments and interests;
- (vii) our previously announced dividend of shares of Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc.

Investors and prospective investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and that actual results may differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. The factors that might cause such differences include, among others, the following:

- (i) any material inability to successfully optimize the opportunities available to us from our licensing agreements or to enforce our licensing agreements;
- (ii) any material reductions in our liquidity and working capital;
- (iii) any adverse effect or limitations caused by any governmental regulations, proceedings or actions, foreign and domestic;
- (iv) any continued or increased losses, or any inability to obtain acceptable financing, where desirable in the future, in connection with our operating or growth plans;
- (v) any increased competition in our business;
- (vi) any decrease or slow down in the number of people seeking to store umbilical cord blood stem cells or decrease in the number of people paying annual storage fees;
- (vii) the effect of any future reduced cash position and future inability to access borrowings;
- (viii) any adverse impacts on our revenue or operating margins due to the costs associated with increased growth in our business;

- (ix) any adverse developments impacting our continued relationship with and success of our licensees, foreign affiliates or investments in, or relationships with, foreign companies;
- (x) any inability to achieve increases in revenue or earnings from umbilical cord blood stem cell storage;
- (xi) any future inability to substantially achieve the objectives expected from the successful implementation of our strategy;
- (xii) the combined decline of public market interest in the Company's business sector and the Company's stock;
- (xiii) any added requirements imposed on us by new laws, SEC regulations or NASDAQ listing requirements and costs thereof;
- (xiv) any future loss of the Company's listing under NASDAQ;
- (xv) any technological breakthrough or medical breakthrough that would render the Company's business of stem cell preservation obsolete;
- (xvi) general economic and market conditions and combined general downturn in the economy;
- (xvii) any material failure or malfunction in our storage facilities;
- (xviii) continued losses, future negative cash flows and inability to obtain anticipated future positive cash flows;
- (xix) any natural disaster such as a tornado, other disaster (fire) or act of terrorism that adversely affects stored specimens;
- (xx) the potential impact of negative market influences on the Company's portfolio of cash, cash equivalents and marketable securities;
- (xxi) any inability to successfully prosecute, or defend against, claims and litigation matters or enforce agreements with domestic or foreign entities;
- (xxii) the costs associated with defending or prosecuting litigation matters and any material adverse result from such matters; and
- (xxiii) any material inability to successfully consummate, the previously announced dividend of the shares of Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc.;
- (xxiv) the costs associated with the consummation of the dividend of the Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. common stock;
- (xxv) the inability of the Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. to generate the storage of any specimens in the geographic regions covered by the revenue sharing agreements;
- (xxvi) decreases in asset valuations;
- (xxvii) any negative effect from a recent adverse newspaper article regarding the Company's business operations;
  - 16

(xxviii) inability to obtain an effective registration statement regarding shares in SCPT;

- (xxix) any new technology rendering the Company's patented equipment or business obsolete;
- (xxx) any performance failures related to the Company's equipment or operations;
- (xxxi) any negative consequences resulting from deriving, shipping and storing specimens at a second location;
- (xxxii) any negative consequences related to changes in the Board of Directors or less involvement in the future by the Company's founder Dan Richard.

We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise the forward-looking statements made in this Form 10-QSB to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Form 10-QSB or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date hereof. CRYO-CELL International, Inc. (the "Company") undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof. Readers should carefully review the risk factors described in other documents the Company files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB filed by the Company and any Current Reports on Form 8-K filed by the Company.

#### PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Incorporated by reference to Part I. Financial Statements-Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements B Note 3.

#### ITEM 2. CHANGES IN SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

#### None.

#### ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

On June 24, 2003, the Company announced that its common stock will continue to be listed on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market via an exception from the requirement that it file its periodic reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission on a timely basis. While the Company failed to meet this requirement as of April 14, 2003, the Company was granted a temporary exception from this standard subject to the Company meeting certain conditions for accomplishing the filing of its periodic reports with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company filed an amended Form 10-KSB on June 27, 2003, as required under the terms of the Nasdaq exception. On or before July 15, 2003, the Company must also file its Form 10-QSB for the three months ended May 31, 2003, evidencing compliance with all requirements for continued listing on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. Further, on or before October 15, 2003, the Company must file the Form 10-QSB for the quarter ending August 31, 2003, evidencing compliance with all requirements for continued listing on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. In the event the Company is deemed to have met the terms of the exception, it shall continue to be listed on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. The Company believes it will file the Form 10-QSB for the second quarter of fiscal 2003 on a timely basis. However, the Company's reported stockholders' equity as of May 31, 2003 is \$1,449,747, which is lower than the \$2,500,000 minimum stockholders' equity requirement for inclusion on The Nasdaq SmallCap Market. This anticipated shortfall will result from the restatement of the Company's financial statements reflected in the amended Form 10-KSB and from continued losses through May 31, 2003. The Company has requested that the Nasdaq Listing Qualifications Panel grant an extension for compliance with the minimum stockholders' equity requirement, based on the Company 's confidence that it can return to compliance with this requirement. However, there can be no assurance that the Panel will grant an extension, or that the Co

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

(a) Exhibits

- 3.1 Amended and Restated Bylaws
- 10.1 Amendment No. 1 dated January 29, 2003 to Agreement dated June 18, 2002 between the Company and Daniel D. Richard.
- 21.1 Subsidiaries of the Registrant
- 99.1 Certification of the Chief Executive Officer of CRYO-CELL International, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- 99.2 Certification of the Vice President, Finance of CRYO-CELL International, Inc. pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Reports on Form 8-K.

During the quarterly period ended February 28, 2003 the Company filed a current report on Form 8-K dated January 3, 2003 where it disclosed under Item 5 the resignation of Ronald B. Richard as a member of the Board of Directors and the resignation of Mercedes Walton as a member of the Board of Directors of the Company's subsidiary Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. On February 11, 2003, the Company filed a current report on Form 8-K dated February 11, 2003 where it disclosed under Item 5 the certain changes made to the Company's and its subsidiary's board of directors and officers.

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#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

#### CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ MERCEDES WALTON

Mercedes Walton Interim Chief Executive Officer

CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

/s/ JILL M. TAYMANS

Jill M. Taymans Vice President, Finance

Date: July 15, 2003

#### CERTIFICATIONS OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRINCIPAL FINANCIAL OFFICER REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Mercedes Walton, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB of CRYO-CELL International, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I am responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: July 15, 2003

By:

/s/ MERCEDES WALTON

Mercedes Walton Interim Chief Executive Officer

I, Jill Taymans, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB of CRYO-CELL International, Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and we have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this quarterly report (the "Evaluation Date"); and

c) presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;

5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and

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b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and

6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this quarterly report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Dated: July 15, 2003

/s/ JILL TAYMANS

Jill Taymans Vice President, Finance

#### AMENDED AND RESTATED BY LAWS OF CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

#### ARTICLE I OFFICERS

The principal office of the Corporation shall be located in the City, County and State so provided in the Certificate of Incorporation. The Corporation may also maintain offices at such other places within or without the State of Delaware as the Board of Directors may, from time to time, determine and the business may require.

#### ARTICLE II <u>SHAREHOLDERS</u>

#### 1. Place of Meetings.

Meetings of shareholders shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation, or at such other places within or without the State of Delaware as the Board shall authorize.

#### <u>Annual Meetings</u>.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Corporation shall be held within six months after the close of the fiscal year of the Corporation at a date and time as determined by the Board of Directors, if such date is not a legal holiday and if a legal holiday, then on the next business day following at the same hour, at which time the shareholders shall elect a Board of Directors, and transact such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

#### 3. Business at Annual Meetings

At an annual meeting of the shareholders, only such business shall be conducted as shall have been properly brought before the meeting. To be properly brought before an annual meeting, business must be (a) specified in the notice of meeting (or any supplement thereto) given by or at the direction of the Board of Directors; (b) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by or at the direction of the Board of Directors; (c) in the case of a nomination for director, properly brought in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section 10 of this Article II; or (d) otherwise properly brought before the meeting by a shareholder entitled to vote at such meeting. For business other than a nomination for director to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must have given written notice to the Secretary of the Corporation so as to be received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than 120 days in advance of the date of the Corporation's proxy statement released to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting of shareholders, except that if no annual meeting was held in the previous year or the date of the annual meeting has been changed by more than 30 days from the date contemplated at the time of the previous year's proxy statement, such notice must be so received a reasonable time before the solicitation is made. Each such notice shall set forth as to each matter the shareholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting (v) a brief description of the business desired to be brought before the annual meeting and the reasons for conducting such business at the annual meeting; (w) the name and address of the shareholder in such business; (x) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are beneficially owned by the shareholder; (y) any material interest of the shareholder in such business; and (z) such other information regarding such business as would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to t

Securities and Exchange Commission had the matter been proposed by the Board of Directors. Notwithstanding anything in these Bylaws to the contrary, no business shall be considered properly brought before an annual meeting by a shareholder unless it is brought in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 3 of Article II.

#### <u>Special Meetings</u>.

Special meetings of the shareholders may be called at any time by the Chairman of the Board, Vice Chairman or Chief Executive Officer and shall be called by the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary at the written request of the holders of twenty (20%) percent of the outstanding shares entitled to vote thereat, or as otherwise required by law.

#### 5. Notice of Meetings.

Written notice of each meeting of shareholders, whether annual or special, stating the time when and place where it is to be held, shall be served either personally or by mail. Such notice shall be served not less than then (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the meeting, upon each shareholder of record entitled to vote at such meeting, and to any other shareholder to whom the giving of notice may be required by law. Notice of a special meeting shall also state the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called, and shall indicate that it is being issued by the person calling the meeting. If at any meeting, action is proposed to be taken that would, if taken, entitle shareholders to receive payment for their shares, the notice of such meeting shall include a statement of that purpose and to that effect. If mailed, such notice shall be directed to each such shareholder at his address, as it appears on the records of the shareholders of the Corporation, unless he shall have previously filed with the Secretary of the Corporation a written request that notices intended for him be mailed to some other address, in which event, it shall be mailed to the address designated in such request.

#### 6. <u>Waiver</u>.

Notice of any meeting need not be given to any shareholder who submits a signed waiver of notice either before or after a meeting. The attendance of any shareholder at a meeting, in person or by proxy, shall constitute a waiver of notice by such shareholder.

#### 7. Fixing Record Date.

For the purpose of determining the shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to or dissent from any proposal without a meeting, or for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or the allotment of any rights, or for the purpose of any other action, the Board shall fix, in advance, a date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders. Such date shall not be more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting, nor more than (60) days prior to any other action. If no record date is fixed, it shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of law.

#### 8. Quorum.

(a) Except as otherwise provided by the Certificate of Incorporation, at all meetings of shareholders of the Corporation, the presence at the commencement of such meetings, in person or by proxy, of shareholders holding a third of the total number of shares of the Corporation then issued and outstanding on the records of the Corporation and entitled to vote, shall be necessary and sufficient to constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business. If a specified item of business is required to be voted on by a class or classes, the holder of a majority of the shares of such class or classes shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of such specified item of business. The withdrawal of any shareholder after the commencement of a meeting shall have no effect on the existence of a quorum, after a quorum has been established at such meeting.

(b) Despite the absence of a quorum at any annual or special meeting of shareholders, the shareholders, by a majority of the votes cast by the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon, may adjourn the meeting.

#### 9. <u>Voting</u>.

(a) Except as otherwise provided by statute or by the Certificate of Incorporation,

- (1) directors shall be elected by a plurality of the votes cast; and
- (2) all other corporate action to be taken by vote of the shareholders, shall be authorized by a majority of votes cast;

at a meeting of shareholders by the holders of shares entitled to vote thereon.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by statute or by the Certificate of Incorporation, at each meeting of shareholders, each holder of record of shares of the Corporation entitled to vote, shall be entitled to one vote for each share of stock registered in his name on the books of the Corporation.

(c) Each shareholder entitled to vote or to express consent or dissent without a meeting, may do so by proxy; provided, however, that the instrument authorizing such proxy to act shall have been executed in writing by the shareholder himself, or by his attorney-in-fact duly authorized in writing. No proxy shall be voted or acted upon after three (3) years, unless the proxy shall specify the length of time it is to continue in force. The proxy shall be delivered to the Secretary at the meeting and shall be filed with the records of the Corporation. Every proxy shall be revocable at the pleasure of the shareholder executing it, unless the proxy states that it is irrevocable, except as otherwise provided by law.

(d) Any action that may be taken by vote may be taken without a meeting on written consent. Such action shall constitute action by such shareholders with the same force and effect as if the same had been approved at a duly called meeting of shareholders and evidence of such approval signed by all of the shareholders shall be inserted in the Minute Book of the Corporation.

#### 10. Nomination of Directors.

Only persons nominated in accordance with the following procedures shall be eligible for election by shareholders as directors. Nominations of persons for election as directors at a meeting of shareholders called for the purpose of electing directors may be made (a) by or at the direction of the Board of Directors or (b) by any shareholder in the manner herein provided. For a nomination to be properly made by a shareholder, the shareholder must give written notice to the Secretary of the Corporation so as to be received at the principal executive offices of the Corporation not less than (i) with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders, 120 days in advance of the date of the Corporation's proxy statement released to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting of shareholders, except that if no annual meeting was held in the previous year or the date of the annual meeting has been changed by more than 30 days from the date contemplated at the time of the previous year's proxy statement, such notice must be so received a reasonable time before the solicitation is made, and (ii) with respect to a special meeting of shareholders for the election of directors, the close of business on the seventh day following the date on which the notice of such meeting is first given to shareholders. Each such notice shall set forth (a) the name and address of the Sareholder who intends to make the nomination and of the person or persons to be nominated; (b) a representation that the shareholder is a holder of record of stock of the Corporation entitle to vote at such meeting and intends to appear in person or by proxy at the meeting to nominate the person or persons specified in the notice; (c) a description of all arrangements or understandings between the shareholder and each nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nomination or nominations are to be made by the shareholder; (d) such other information regarding each nominee proposed by such shareho

Exchange Commission had each nominee been nominated, or intended to be nominated, by the Board; and (e) the consent of each nominee to serve as a director of the Corporation if so elected.

#### ARTICLE III BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### 1. <u>Number</u>.

The number of the directors of the Corporation shall be established by the Board of Directors from time to time. The directors shall be elected from time to time in accordance with these By-laws. From time to time, the number of directors may be increased or decreased by a majority vote of the Board of Directors.

#### 2. <u>Election</u>

Except as may otherwise be provided herein or in the Certificate of Incorporation, the members of the Board need not be shareholders and shall be elected by a majority of the votes cast at a meeting of shareholders, by the holders of shares entitled to vote in the election.

#### 3. <u>Term of Office</u>.

Each director shall hold office until the annual meeting of the shareholders next succeeding his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified, or until his prior death, resignation or removal. Board terms may be changed to two or three years subject to the approval of a majority of the shareholders.

#### 4. Duties and Powers.

The Board shall be responsible for the control and management of the affairs, property and interests of the Corporation, and may exercise all powers of the Corporation, except those powers expressly conferred upon or reserved to the shareholders.

#### 5. <u>Annual Meetings</u>.

Regular annual meetings of the Board shall be held immediately before, if necessary, and following the annual meeting of shareholders.

#### 6. <u>Regular Meetings and Notice</u>

The Board may provide by resolution for the holding of regular meetings of the Board of Directors, and may fix the time and place thereof.

Notice of regular meetings shall not be required to be given and, if given, need not specify the purpose of the meeting; provided, however, that in case the Board shall fix or change the time or place of any regular meeting, notice of such action shall be given to each director who shall not have been present at the meeting at which such action was taken within the time limited, and in the manner set forth at Section 7 of this Article III, unless such notice shall be waived.

#### 7. Special Meetings and Notice.

(a) Special meetings of the Board shall be held whenever called by the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer or by a majority of the directors, at such time and place as may be specified in the respective notices or waivers of notice thereof.

(b) Notice of special meetings shall be: 1.) mailed directly to each director, addressed to him at the address designated by him for such purpose at his usual place or business, at least two (2) business days before the day on which the meeting is to be held, 2.) delivered to him personally or 3.) given to him

orally in person or by telephone, not later than the business day before the day on which the meeting is to be held.

(c) Notice of special meeting shall not be required to be given to any director who shall attend such meeting, or who submits a signed waiver of notice.

#### 8. Chairman.

At all meetings of the Board, the Chairman, if present, shall preside. If there shall be no Chairman, or he shall be absent, then the Vice Chairman shall preside. In his absence, the Chairman shall be chosen by the directors present.

#### 9. Quorum and Adjournments.

(a) At all meetings of the Board, the presence of a majority of the entire Board shall be necessary to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except as otherwise provide by law, by the Certificate of Incorporation, or by these By-laws. Participation of any one or more members of the Board by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment, allowing all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other at the same time, shall constitute presence in person at any such meeting.

(b) A majority of the directors present at any regular or special meeting, although less than a quorum, may adjourn the same from time to time without notice, until a quorum shall be present.

#### 10. Manner of Acting.

(a) At all meetings of the Board, each director present shall have one vote.

(b) Except as otherwise provided by law, by the Certificate of Incorporation, or these By-laws, the action of a majority of the directors present at any meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board. Any action authorized, in writing, by all the directors entitled to vote thereon and filed with the minutes of the Corporation shall be the act of the Board with the same force and effect as if the same had been passed by unanimous vote at a duly called meeting of the Board.

#### 11. Vacancies.

Any vacancy in the Board of Directors resulting from an increase in the number of directors shall be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the majority vote of the remaining directors, though less than a quorum, at any regular meeting or special meeting of the Board called for that purpose. If at any time a vacancy would otherwise exist on the Board of Directors resulting from death, resignation or removal of a director, the number of directors shall be automatically decreased accordingly so that such vacancy no longer exists.

#### 12. <u>Resignation</u>.

Any director may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Chairman of the Board, or the Secretary of the Corporation. Unless otherwise specified in such written notice, such resignation shall take effect upon receipt thereof by the Board or such officer, and the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

#### 13. <u>Removal</u>.

Any director may be removed, for cause, at any time by the holders of a majority of the shares then entitled to vote at an election of directors, at a special meeting of the shareholders called for that purpose, or by action of the Board.

#### 14. Compensation.

The Board of Directors may fix the compensation of Directors. Each Director may be paid a stated salary as such or a fixed sum for the attendance at meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof, or both, and may be reimbursed for his expenses of attendance at each such meeting. The Board of Directors may also pay to each Director rendering services to the Corporation not ordinarily rendered by Directors, as such, special compensation appropriate to the value of such services, as determined by the Board of Directors from time to time. None of these payments shall preclude any Director from serving the Corporation in any other capacity and receiving compensation therefore. The Board of Directors may determine the compensation of a Director who is also an Officer for service as an Officer as well as for service as a Director.

#### 15. Contracts.

(a) No contract or other transaction between this Corporation and any other business shall be affected or invalidated, nor shall any director be liable in any way by reason of the fact that a director of this Corporation is interested in, or is financially interested in such other business, provided such fact is disclosed to the Board.

(b) Any director may be a party to or may be interested in any contract or transaction of this Corporation individually, and no director shall be liable in any way by reason of such interest, provided that the fact of such participation or interest be disclosed to the Board and provided that the Board shall authorize or ratify such contract or transaction by the vote (not counting the vote of any such directors) of a majority of a quorum, notwithstanding the presence of any such director at the meeting at which such action is taken. Such director may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at such meeting. This Section shall not be construed to invalidate or in any way affect any contract or other transaction, which would otherwise be valid under the law applicable thereto.

#### 16. Committees.

The Board, by resolution adopted by a majority of the entire Board, may from time to time designate from among its members an executive committee and such other committees, and alternate members thereof, as they deem desirable, each consisting of three or more members, with such powers and authority (to the extent permitted by law) as may be provided in such resolution. Each such committee shall remain in existence at the pleasure of the Board. Participation of any one or more members of a committee by means of a conference telephone or similar communications equipment allowing all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other at the same time, shall constitute a director's presence in person at any such meeting. Any action authorized in writing by all of the members of a committee and filed with the minutes of the committee shall be the act of the committee with the same force and effect as if the same had been passed by unanimous vote at a duly called meeting of the committee.

#### ARTICLE IV OFFICERS

#### 1. <u>Number and Qualifications</u>.

The officers of the Corporation shall consist of a Chief Executive Officer, a President, one or more Vice Presidents, a Secretary, a Treasurer, and such other officers, including a Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Board, as the Board of Directors may from time to time deem advisable. Any officer other than the Chairman of the Board may be, but is not required to be, a director of the Corporation. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, except the offices of Chief Executive Officer and Secretary.

#### 2. <u>Election</u>.

The officers of the Corporation shall be elected by the Board at the regular annual meeting of the Board following the annual meeting of shareholders.

#### Term of Office.

Each officer shall hold office until the annual meeting of the Board next succeeding his election, and until his successor shall have been elected and qualified, or until his death, resignation or removal.

#### 4. <u>Resignation</u>.

Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board, the Chief Executive Officer or the Secretary of the Corporation. Such resignation shall take effect upon receipt thereof by the Board or such officer, unless otherwise specified in such written notice. The acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

#### 5. <u>Removal</u>.

Any officer, whether elected or appointed by the Board, may be removed by the Board, either with or without cause, and a successor elected by the Board at any time.

#### 6. <u>Vacancies</u>.

A vacancy in any office by reason of death, resignation, inability to act, disqualification, or any other cause, may at any time be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the Board.

#### 7. <u>Duties</u>.

Unless otherwise provided by the Board, officers of the Corporation shall each have such powers and duties as generally pertain to their respective offices, such powers and duties as may be set forth in these by-laws, and such powers and duties as may be specifically provided for by the Board.

#### 8. <u>Sureties and Bonds</u>.

At the request of the Board, any officer, employee or agent of the Corporation shall execute for the Corporation a bond in such sum, and with such surety as the Board may direct, conditioned upon the faithful performance of his duties to the Corporation, including responsibility for negligence and for the accounting for all property, funds or securities of the Corporation which may come into his hands.

#### 9. <u>Shares of Other Corporations</u>.

Whenever the Corporation is the holder of shares of any other corporation, any right or power of the Corporation as such shareholder shall be exercised on behalf of the Corporation in such manner as the Board may authorize. Such authorization shall be given to the Chairman or the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer.

#### ARTICLE V SHARES OF STOCK

#### 1. <u>Certificates</u>.

(a) The certificates representing shares in the Corporation shall be in such form as shall be approved by the Board and shall be numbered and registered in the order issued. They shall bear the holder's name and the number of shares and shall be signed by (i) the Chairman of the Board or the Vice Chairman of

the Board or the President or a Vice President, and (ii) the Secretary or Treasurer, or any Assistant Secretary or Assistant Treasurer, and shall bear the corporate seal.

#### (b) Certificates representing shares shall not be issued until they are fully paid for.

(c) The Board may authorize the issuance of certificates for fractions of a share which shall entitle the holder to exercise voting rights, receive dividends and participate in liquidating distributions, in proportion to the fractional holdings.

#### 2. Lost or Destroyed Certificates.

Upon notification by the holder of any certificate representing shares of the Corporation of the loss or destruction of one or more certificates representing the same, the Corporation may issue new certificates in place of any certificates previously issued by it, and alleged to have been lost or destroyed. Upon production of evidence of loss or destruction, in such form as the Board in its sole discretion may require, the Board may require the owner of the lost or destroyed certificates to provide the Corporation with a bond in such sum as the Board may direct, and with such surety as may be satisfactory to the Board, to indemnify the Corporation against any claims, loss, liability or damage it may suffer on account of the issuance of the new certificates. A new certificate may be issued without requiring any such evidence or bond when, in the judgment of the Board, it is proper to do so.

#### 3. Transfers of Shares.

(a) Transfers of shares of the Corporation may be made on the share records of the Corporation solely by the holder of such records, in person or by a duly authorized attorney, upon surrender for cancellation of the certificates representing such shares, with an assignment or power of transfer endorsed thereon or delivered therewith, duly executed and with such proof of the authenticity of the signature, and the authority to transfer and the payment of transfer taxes as the Corporation or its agents may require.

(b) The Corporation shall be entitled to treat the holder of record of any shares as the absolute owner thereof for all purposes and shall not be bound to recognize any legal, equitable or other claim to, or interest in, such shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise expressly provided by law.

(c) The Corporation shall be entitled to impose such restrictions on the transfer of shares as may be necessary for the purpose of electing or maintaining Subchapter S status under the Internal Revenue Code or for the purpose of securing or maintaining any other tax advantage to the Corporation.

#### <u>Record Date</u>.

In lieu of closing the share records of the Corporation, the Board may fix, in advance, a date not less than ten (10) days nor more than sixty (60) days, as the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to receive notice of, and to vote at, any meeting of shareholders, or to consent to any proposal without a meeting, or for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividends, or allotment of any rights, or for the purpose of any other action. If no record date is fixed, the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day immediately preceding the day on which the meeting is held; the record date for determining shareholders entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the Board is necessary, shall be the day on which the first written consent is expressed. When a determinion of shareholders of record entitled to notice of or to

vote at any meeting of shareholders has been made as provided for herein, such determination shall apply to any adjournment thereof, unless the directors fix a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

#### ARTICLE VI DIVIDENDS

Subject to this Certificate of Incorporation and to applicable law, dividends may be declared and paid out of any funds available thereof, as often, in such amount, and at such time or times as the Board may determine. Before payment of any dividends, there may be set aside out of the net profits of the Corporation available for dividends, such sum or sums as the Board, from time to time, in its sole discretion, deems proper as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining any property of the Corporation, or for such other purposes as the Board shall think conducive to the interests of the Corporation, and the Board may modify or abolish any such reserve.

#### ARTICLE VII FISCAL YEAR

The fiscal year of the Corporation shall be fixed by the Board from time to time, subject to applicable law.

#### ARTICLE VIII CORPORATE SEAL

The corporate seal, if any, shall be in such form as shall be approved from time to time by the Board.

#### ARTICLE IX AMENDMENTS

#### 1. By Shareholders.

All by-laws of the Corporation shall be subject to revision, amendment or repeal, and new by-laws may be adopted from time to time by a majority of the shareholders who are at such time entitled to vote in the election of directors.

#### 2. <u>By Directors</u>.

All by-laws of the Corporation also shall be subject to revision, amendment or repeal, and new by-laws may be adopted from time to time by a majority of the Board of Directors.

#### AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO AGREEMENT

THIS AMENDMENT NO. 1 to the Agreement dated June 18, 2002 by and between CRYO-CELL International, Inc. (CCEL) and Mr. Daniel D. Richard ("Richard") (the "Agreement") is entered into as of the 29<sup>th</sup> day of January, 2003.

#### **RECITALS:**

A. Richard and the Board of Directors of CCEL have discussed the proposed resignation of Richard from the Board of Directors of CCEL. Richard's resignation would eliminate any perception of a conflict of interest between his role as a director of CCEL and his role as Chairman of the Board of Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc. ("Stem Cell"). This removal of an apparent conflict is especially important to CCEL at a time when Richard is assuming the position of Chief Executive Officer of Stem Cell and CCEL is attempting to complete the planned distribution to CCEL's shareholders of shares of Stem Cell (the "Distribution"), after which time Stem Cell will be a publicly held company.

B. Richard has asked the Board of CCEL to consider, in connection with his resignation, the impact of such resignation on the benefits he is entitled to receive under the Agreement. Richard has also requested that CCEL clarify Richard's rights to receive benefits from CCEL.

Therefore, in consideration of the mutual promises and other consideration as stated herein, and other good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby acknowledged, Richard and CCEL hereby agree as follows:

- 1. Richard hereby resigns as a member of the Board of Directors of CCEL. Richard will not be considered a temporary member of the Executive Committee on a "Pro Re Nata" basis.
- 2. The parties agree and acknowledge that the payments by CCEL to Richard of \$200,000 per year under Section 3 of the Agreement were not intended to be, and shall not be, contingent on Richard remaining a member of the Board or providing "Pro Re Nata" services to the Board or Executive Committee. Richard shall continue to have the right to receive these payments in connection with his agreement to provide ongoing services as an Advisor to the Board under Section 2 of the Agreement.
- CCEL agrees to maintain Richard's family health insurance coverage during Richard's life, for a maximum period of ten years from the date of the Agreement. CCEL will pay the premiums for Richard's individual coverage, and Richards will pay or reimburse CCEL for the cost of coverage of Richard's wife and other family members.

- 4. In the event that CCEL defaults on its obligations to Richard pursuant to the Agreement as amended by this Amendment No. 1 and Richard commences litigation for the purpose of collecting payments or benefits due under the Agreement as amended herein, CCEL agrees that venue shall be in Dade County, Palm Beach County or Pinellas County, Florida, at Richard's option.
- 5. Except as expressly amended by this Amendment No. 1, the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, CCEL and Richard have set their hands to this Amendment No. 1 to be effective as of the date first written above.

CRYO-CELL INTERNATIONAL, INC.

By: /s/ Mercedes Walton

Mercedes Walton, Chairman of the Board

/s/ Daniel D. Richard

Daniel D. Richard

#### Subsidiaries of the Registrant

Stem Cell Preservation Technologies, Inc., (SCPT) a Delaware corporation. The Company owns approximately 87% of the common stock of SCPT.

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of CRYO-CELL International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-QSB for the period ending February 28, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Mercedes Walton, Interim Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ MERCEDES WALTON

Mercedes Walton Interim Chief Executive Officer

July 15, 2003

#### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Cryo-Cell International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-QSB for the period ending February 28, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jill Taymans, Vice President, Finance of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ JILL TAYMANS

Jill Taymans Vice President, Finance

July 15, 2003